



NEWS RELEASE

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California's Nonfarm Payroll Jobs Increase 36,400 Unemployment Rate Increases To 5.5 Percent

SACRAMENTO – California's nonfarm payroll jobs increased by 36,400 in July for a total gain of 2,302,500 jobs since the recovery began in February 2010, as the unemployment rate rose 0.1 percentage point to 5.5 percent for the month, according to data released today by the California Employment Development Department (EDD) from two separate surveys.

The U.S. unemployment rate was unchanged at 4.9 percent in July.

In June, the state's unemployment rate was 5.4 percent, and in July 2015, the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent. The unemployment rate is derived from a federal survey of 5,500 California households.

Nonfarm jobs in California totaled 16,489,000 in July, an increase of 36,400 jobs over the month, according to a survey of businesses that is larger and less variable statistically. The survey of 58,000 California businesses measures jobs in the economy. The year-over-year change, from July 2015 to July 2016, shows an increase of 374,600 jobs (up 2.3 percent).

EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT IN CALIFORNIA

The federal survey of households, done with a smaller sample than the survey of employers, shows an increase in the number of employed people. It estimates the number of Californians holding jobs in July was 18,114,000 up 35,000 from June and up 320,000 from July of last year.

The number of people unemployed in California was 1,048,000 in July, up 25,000 from June, but down 113,000 from July of last year.

(more)

PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DETAIL (SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)

EDD's report on payroll employment (wage and salary jobs) in the nonfarm industries of California totaled 16,489,000 in July, a net gain of 36,400 jobs since the June survey. This followed a gain of 33,200 jobs, revised from the preliminary estimate of 40,300 in June.

Six of the 11 industry sectors gained jobs while five posted losses for the month.

Trade, transportation and utilities led the gains with an addition of 14,900 jobs (up 0.5 percent). Educational and health services added 12,900 jobs (up 0.5 percent), followed by manufacturing with a 7,100-job gain (up 0.6 percent), and professional and business services with a gain of 5,700 jobs (up 0.2 percent). Construction and Information also added jobs.

Leisure and hospital posted the biggest loss, 3,200 jobs (down 0.2 percent), followed by government with a loss of 2,400 jobs (down 0.1 percent). Mining and logging fell by 500 jobs. Financial activities and the other services sector also lost jobs.

On a year-over-year basis (July 2015 to July 2016), nonfarm payroll employment in California increased by 374,600 jobs (up 2.3 percent). Nine sectors added jobs, two lost jobs.

Education and health services posted the largest at year-over gain, adding 87,000 jobs, followed by professional and business services with a gain of 77,800 jobs. Other categories adding jobs over the year included leisure and hospitality (65,900), trade, transportation and utilities (53,500), and government (44,600).

Manufacturing lost 5,000 jobs on the year-over basis, while mining and logging lost 3,600 jobs.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE CLAIMS (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)

In related data, the EDD reported that 353,609 people were receiving regular Unemployment Insurance benefits during the July survey week. This compares with 345,159 in June and 377,940 in July of last year. At the same time, new claims for Unemployment Insurance were 42,923 in July, compared with 49,975 in June and 45,435 in July of last year.

Seasonally adjusted payroll detail follows:

PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED DATA²

(Amounts in thousands)

Industrial Classification	July 2016 (prelim.)	June 2016 (revised)	July 2015	Change Over 12 Months (percent)
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Workers	16,489.0 25.1 761.2 1,293.1 3,001.8 493.4 813.0 2,583.8 2,562.6 1,896.3 551.6 2,507.1	16,452.6 25.6 759.3 1,286.0 2,986.9 492.5 813.4 2,578.1 2,549.7 1,899.58 552.1 2,509.5	16,114.4 28.7 732.1 1,298.1 2,948.3 484.8 800.9 2,506.0 2,475.6 1,830.4 547.0 2,462.5	2.3 -12.5 4.0 -0.4 1.8 1.5 3.1 3.5 3.6 0.8 1.8
Agriculture	422.1	420.5	421.6	0.1

^{*}Includes all civilian employees of federal, state, and local governments.

TABLE A EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT IN CALIFORNIA, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED DATA²

	July 2016 (prelim.)	June 2016 (revised)	May 2016	July 2015
a Civilian labor force Total civilian employment Unemployment Seasonally adjusted rate %	19,162,000 18,114,000 1,048,000 5.5	19,102,000 18,079,000 1,023,000 5.4	19,077,000 18,082,000 995,000 5.2	18,956,000 17,794,000 1,161,000 6.1
US seasonally adjusted rate % .	4.9	4.9	4.7	5.3

TABLE B EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT IN CALIFORNIA, UNADJUSTED DATA

	July 2016 (prelim.)	June 2016 (revised)	May 2016	July 2015
a Civilian labor force Total civilian employment Unemployment Unadjusted rate %	19,369,000 18,234,000 1,135,000 5.9	19,181,000 18.094,000 1,088,000 5.7	18,985,000 18,086,000 899,000 4.7	19,057,000 17,811,000 1,246,000 6.5

Labor force by place of residence, including workers involved in trade disputes.

Seasonal adjustment is a statistical method that removes typical employment patterns that occur at various times throughout the year (e.g., additional retail hiring during the holiday season.

MONTHLY LABOR FORCE DATA FOR COUNTIES July 2016 (Preliminary); 2015 BENCHMARK NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

COUNTY		ASONALLY ADJUSTEL		DATE
COUNTY	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
STATE TOTAL	19,369,400	18,234,000	1,135,400	5.9%
ALAMEDA	846,200	805,300	40,900	4.8%
ALPINE	510	470	40	7.7%
AMADOR	14,970	14,040	930	6.2%
BUTTE	102,000	94,500	7,500	7.4%
CALAVERAS	21,060	19,760	1,300	6.1%
COLUSA	11,500	10,070	1,440	12.5%
CONTRA COSTA	563,500	535,400	28,100	5.0%
DEL NORTE	9,690	8,920	770	7.9%
EL DORADO	90,700	85,700	5,000	5.5%
FRESNO	457,800	414,800	43,000	9.4%
GLENN	13,220	12,020	1,200	9.1%
HUMBOLDT	62,130	58,750	3,380	5.4%
IMPERIAL	79,200	60,000	19,100	24.2%
INYO	9,280	8,770	510	5.5%
KERN	402,600	360,000	42,500	10.6%
KINGS	59,800	54,100	5,700	9.6%
LAKE	30,210	28,210	2,000	6.6%
LASSEN	10,690	9,980	720	6.7%
LOS ANGELES	5,108,000	4,828,500	279,500	5.5%
MADERA	62,000	56,100	5,900	9.5%
MARIN	145,900	140,600	5,300	3.6%
MARIPOSA	8,840	8,320	520	5.8%
MENDOCINO	40,480	38,340	2,140	5.3%
MERCED	114,400	102,400	12,000	10.5%
MODOC	3,440	3,190	250	7.3%
MONO	8,540	8,060	480	5.7%
MONTEREY	230,500	216,200	14,300	6.2%
NAPA	77,100	73,900	3,300	4.2%
NEVADA	49,360	46,810	2,550	5.2%
ORANGE	1,630,000	1,555,300	74,700	4.6%
PLACER			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_	181,500	172,400	9,000	5.0%
PLUMAS	8,440	7,770	670	7.9%
RIVERSIDE	1,049,800	974,800	75,000	7.1%
SACRAMENTO	702,800	660,300	42,400	6.0%
SAN BENITO SAN	30,400	28,400	2,000	6.7%
BERNARDINO	938,000	875,400	62,600	6.7%
SAN DIEGO	1,596,300	1,511,800	84,500	5.3%
SAN FRANCISCO	562,800	542,100	20,700	3.7%
SAN JOAQUIN	322,800	295,500		8.5%
SAN JUAQUIN SAN LUIS OBISPO	144,800	138,000	27,300 6,800	4.7%
SAN MATEO	453,700	438,200	15,600	3.4%
SANTA GLABA	225,000	213,600	11,400	5.1%
SANTA CLARA	1,048,700	1,004,600	44,100	4.2%
SANTA CRUZ	149,300	139,900	9,400	6.3%
SHASTA	74,700	69,200	5,500	7.4%
SIERRA	1,370	1,270	100	7.5%
SISKIYOU	18,530	17,120	1,410	7.6%
SOLANO	210,900	198,300	12,600	6.0%
SONOMA	266,600	254,900	11,700	4.4%
STANISLAUS	247,800	225,700	22,200	8.9%
SUTTER	46,200	42,000	4,200	9.1%
TEHAMA	24,850	22,800	2,050	8.3%
TRINITY	5,460	5,100	360	6.6%
TULARE	209,000	185,500	23,600	11.3%
TUOLUMNE	22,270	20,820	1,460	6.5%
VENTURA	429,100	404,300	24,800	5.8%
YOLO	106,100	99,700	6,400	6.0%
YUBA	28,700	26,200	2,500	8.9%
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